

Curriculum Map: Year 3

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summe
Theme Title	Europe	Ancient Britain	Extreme Earth	Forces and Magnets	Ancient E
History / Geography	Location and Place: Europe	British History: Britain from Stone Age to Iron Age	Physical Geography: Mountains, Earthquakes and Volcanoes		World History: Ancient 3000 BC - 1000 BC
	<u>EQ: How similar or different is</u> <u>Catalonia to Dorset?</u> 1: Where is Europe? What	10 000 BC - 0 AD <u>EQ: What changed in Britain from</u> the Stone Age to the Iron Age?	EQ: What happens when the Earth moves?		EQ: Were there any civi could challenge the dor Egyptian empire in the a
	continents and oceans surround it? How would you get there from the UK (compass directions)? Location Enquiry 2: What environmental regions would you find in Europe? Location 3: What countries and major cities would you find in Europe? Location 4: What are the physical similarities and differences between Catalonia and Dorset? How can we identify these using images, maps and aerial photographs? Place Processes 5: What are the human similarities and differences between Catalonia and Dorset? How can we identify these using images, maps and aerial photographs? Place Processes 6: What are the human similarities	1: When was the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age? <i>Chronology</i> 2: What changed and stayed the same between the different periods in the Stone Age? <i>Chronology</i> <i>Connection</i> 3: How can we know about the Stone Age? What do we know about it? Why don't we know why Stonhenge was built? <i>Evidence</i> 4: How did Britain becoming an island affect its history? <i>Connection</i> 5: Was the start of farming the greatest social revolution in human history? <i>Significance Connection</i> 6: How did the Bronze Age change Britain? <i>Connection Significance</i> 7: What changed in Britain in the	1: What is a tectonic plate and how do they move? <i>Processes Enquiry</i> 2: What causes earthquakes to happen and where do they happen? How do earthquakes impact people's lives? <i>Processes Location</i> 3: What causes mountains to grow and where have they developed? What hills and mountains are there in the UK? <i>Processes Location</i> 4: What causes volcanoes to form and where have they formed? How do volcanic eruptions impact people's lives? <i>Processes Location</i> 5: What happens when the Earth moves? <i>Processes</i> <i>hill, mountain, volcano, earthquake,</i> <i>topography, convection currents,</i>		1: Where is Egypt and v significant civilisation to was the Egyptian civilis <i>Connection Chronology</i> 2: What was life like in and how do we know (c economic, religious and <i>Significance Evidence</i> 3: How was power orga Egypt? (military, politica <i>Significance</i> 4: What other civilisation the ancient world? Coul classed as a significant ancient world? Chronolo 5: Did the Sumer, Indus Dynasty make a more si contribution to human h <i>Chronology Significance</i> 6: Were there any civilis challenge the dominant
	Catalonia and Dorset? Place Europe, environmental region, continent, country, compass (North, North-East, East, South-East, South, South-West, West, North-West), tourism	Iron Age? Connection Significance 8: What changed in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age? Connection Significance Chronology turning point, revolution, change, continuity, cause, consequence, significance due to change, BC/AD, period of time, duration,	core, crust, lava, magma, mantle, plate boundary, pyroclastic flow, richter scale, tectonic plates, tremors, tsunami, vent		empire in the ancient w Significance Evidence power, hierarchy, power held b similarities / differences across across multiple locations, natu characteristic features (culture politics, religion, society), signi civilisations, relative significan chronology, ancient, duration,
Memorable Moments	Visit: Winchester Science Centre	source, absence of sources, different accounts Visit: Ancient Technology Centre Visit / Visitor: Gurdwara			

ner 1

Egypt



ent Civilisations

ivilisations that lominance of the e ancient world?

d what caused a to rise here? When lisation significant? gy

in Ancient Egypt (cultural,

- nd social)?

rganised in Ancient ical, social) Power

tions were there in ould Britain be nt civilisation in the ology Significance us Valley or Shang significant n history? nce Evidence ilisations that could ance of the Egyptian world? Chronology

ld by different groups, oss civilisations, change atural causes, civilisation, ure, economy, military, gnificance of countries / cance, overlap, on, revision of history

Help the Planet

Summer 2



Responsibility: Climate Change

EQ: What is climate change?

1: What is climate change? What causes it? Responsibility Processes 2: What are the effects of climate change in the UK and the rest of the world? Responsibility Location 3: What do we do around the school to promote sustainability? How can we collect this data (survey)? What are the benefits and limitations of data collection methods? *Enquiry* Responsibility

4: How can we take further action against climate change? How can we show on a plan where we would locate features to improve the school's sustainability? Enquiry Responsibility

climate change, responsibility, climate, pollution, global warming, temperatures, extinction, activists, protests

Local Visit: Hengistbury Head

Number & Place Value: Numbers to	Calculations: Multiplication and	Measurement: Length	Measurement: Money	Statistics: Pictograms and Bar	Geometry: Angles
1000	Division	1: Writing Length in Metres and	1: Counting Money	Graphs	1: Making Angles
1: Counting in Hundreds	1: Multiplying by 3	Centimetres	2: Showing Amounts of Money	1: Drawing Pictograms	2: Finding Right Angles
2: Counting in Hundreds, Tens and	2: Multiplying by 3	2: Writing Length in Centimetres	3: Adding Money	2: Drawing Bar Graphs	3: Finding Different Angles
Ones	3: Multiplying by 4	3: Writing Length in Centimetres	4: Adding Money	3: Reading Bar Graphs	4: Finding Angles in Shapes
3: Place Value	4: Multiplying by 4	and Millimetres	5: Subtracting Money	4: Reading Bar Graphs	5: Comparing Angles
4: Comparing and Ordering	5: Multiplying by 4 and 8	4: Writing Length in Millimetres	6: Subtracting Money		6: Making Turns
Numbers	6: Multiplying by 8	5: Comparing Lengths	7: Subtracting Money	Fractions, Decimals and	
5: Counting in Fifties	7: Multiplying by 8	6-10: Solving Word Problems	8: Calculating Change	Percentages: Fractions	Geometry: Lines and Shapes
6: Number Patterns	8: Dividing by 3		9: Solving Word Problems	1: Counting in Tenths	1: Identifying Perpendicular Lines
7: Number Patterns	9: Dividing by 4	Measurement: Mass	10: Solving Word Problems	2: Fractions as Division	2: Identifying Parallel Lines
8: Counting in Fours and Eights	10: Multiplying and Dividing	1: Reading Weighing Scales		3: Finding Part of a Set	3: Finding Horizontal and Vertica
	11: Dividing by 4 and 8	2: Reading Weighing Scales	Measurement: Time	4: Finding Part of a Set	Lines
Calculations: Addition and	12: Solving Word Problems	3: Reading Weighing Scales	1: Telling the Time (AM & PM))	5: Finding Equivalent Fractions	4: Drawing 2D Shapes
Subtraction	13: Solving Word Problems	4: Reading Weighing Scales	2: Telling the Time (Minute and	6: Finding Equivalent Fractions	5: Describing 3D Shapes
1: Addition and Subtraction Facts	14: Solving Word Problems	5-7: Solving Word Problems	Hour)	7: Comparing and Ordering Fractions	
2: Adding Ones	15: Solving Word Problems		3: Telling the Time	8: Comparing and Ordering Fractions	Measurement: Perimeter
3: Adding Tens	13. Solving Word Problems	Measurement: Volume	4: Telling the Time	9: Comparing Fractions	1: Measuring Total Length Arour
4: Adding Hundreds	Calculations: Further Multiplication	1: Measuring Volume in Millilitres	5: Telling the Time (12 and 24 Hour)	10: Adding Fractions	
5: Simple Adding	and Division	-		-	Shape
		2: Measuring Capacity in Millilitres	6: Telling the Time (Roman	11: Subtracting Fractions	2: Measuring Perimeter
6: Adding With Renaming	1: Multiplying 2-Digit Numbers	3: Measuring Volume in Millilitres	Numerals)	12: Subtracting Fractions	3: Measuring Perimeter
7: Adding With Renaming	2: Multiplying 2-Digit Numbers	and Litres	7: Telling the Time (Seconds)	13: Solving Word Problems	4: Measuring Perimeter
8: Adding With Renaming	3: Multiplying 2-Digit Numbers	4: Measuring Capacity in Millilitres	8: Measuring and Comparing Time in	14: Solving Word Problems	5: Measuring Perimeter
9: Adding With Renaming	4: Multiplying With Renaming	and Litres	Seconds		6: Calculating Perimeter
10: Adding With Renaming	5: Multiplying With Renaming	5: Writing Volume in Litres and	9: Measuring Time in Seconds		7: Calculating Perimeter
11: Subtracting Ones	6: Dividing 2-Digit Numbers	Millilitres	10: Finding Duration in Minutes		8: Calculating Perimeter
12: Subtracting Tens	7: Dividing With Renaming	6: Writing Capacity in Litres and	11: Finding Start Times and End		9: Calculating Perimeter
13: Subtracting Hundreds	8: Dividing With Renaming	Millilitres	Times		
14: Simple Subtracting	9: Solving Word Problems	7-10: Solving Word Problems	12: Finding Duration in Hours		
15: Subtracting With Renaming	10: Solving Word Problems		13: Finding Start Times and End		
16: Subtracting With Renaming	11: Solving Word Problems		Times		
17: Subtracting With Renaming			14: Converting Minutes to Seconds		
18: Subtracting With Renaming			15: Converting Seconds to Minutes		
19-22: Using Models			16: Finding Number of Days		
			17: Finding Number of Days		
Counting On / Back in 1s, 10s and	Formal Written Method - HTO	Making 10 and 100	Multiplying and Dividing by 3, 4 and	Associated Facts & Fact Families	Partitioning Using Number Bond
100s	413 + 582 -		8	***	
100 more 100 more 100 more 100 more 100 more	Step 1 Add the ones. 3 ones + 2 ones = 5 ones	498 + 50 =	3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 36	 ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 4 × 3 = 12 	12 × 3
				♥ ● 5 × 3 = 12 + 3 ★ ★ = 15	10 2
←	h t o	498 + 50 = 500 + 48			10×3 2×3
287 + 500 = 787		(498) + 50 = 500 + 48	0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 36		=30 = 6
20/+300-707			0 3 0 9 12 13 10 21 24 27 30 33 30		
100 less 100 less 100 less 100 less 100 less 100 less	Step 2 Add the tens.	2 48	8 16 24 32 40 48 56 64 72 80	12 ÷ 3 = 4	
	List is a firm = 0 term			12 + 5 = 4 4 × 3 = 12	Formal Written Method: 2dx1d
←					
200 200 000 000 000 /20	h t e 4 1 5			4 4 4	Step 1 Multiply the ones. 6 ones × 4 = 24 ones 2 tens 2 6
796 - 600 = 196	<u>+ 5 5 2</u> <u>9 5</u>		0 8 16 24 32 40 48 56 64 72 80		$24 \text{ ones} \times 4 = 24 ones$
				Commutativity	Step 2 Multiply the tens. h t o
	Step 3 Add the hundreds.		Sam put 32 cobs of corn into 4 equal groups. 4 groups of 8 is 32.	Commutativity	3 tens × 4 = 12 tens 23 6
	4 hundreds + 5 hundreds = 9 hundreds			 ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ There are 5 rows of 8 mushrooms. ♦ ● ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ● 5 × 8 = 40 ♦ ● ♦ ● ♦ ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●	12 tens + 2 tens = 14 tens $-\frac{x - 4}{1 - 4 - 4}$ 36 × 4 = 144
	h t o			*******	20 × 4 = 144
	4 1 3 * 5 8 2		32 ÷ 4 = 8 Each group has 8 cobs of corn.	Control of the set	
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	413 + 582 + 995			*****	
			:	There are 40 mushrooms.	

						2
English	Genre Finding Narrative	Genre Portal Narrative	Genre Recount - Newspaper Report	Genre Character Flaw Narrative	Genre Explanation Text	Genre Dilemma Narrative
Writing						
	Model Text Adventure at Sandy Cove	Model Text The Garden	Model Text Tornado Destroys Local House	Model Text Bill's New Frock	Model Text How Mummies Are Made	Model Text The Great Kapok Tree
	Adventure at Sandy Cove			DIUS NEW FIOCK	How Multimes Are Made	
	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit
	Creating Plots / Paragraph Types	Creating Settings	Recount Texts	Characterisation and Dialogue	Explanation Texts	Characterisation and Dialogue / Changing Paragraphs
	Genre	Genre	Genre	Genre	Genre	
	Instructional Text	Non-Chronological Report	Adventure Narrative	Discussion Text	Poetry	Genre Persuasive Letter
	Model Text	Model Text	Model Text	Model Text	Model Text	
	How to Make Paella	Stone Age Boy	The Firework Maker's Daughter	Zoos	Let's Celebrate	Model Text
						Protect the New Forest
	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	Toolkit	
	Instruction Texts	Information Texts / Non-Chronological Reports	Hooking Your Reader	Discussion Texts	Poetry	Toolkit Persuasion Texts
		Non-Chronological Reports				
English	Sentence Types	Apostrophes for Contraction	• Tenses (Past, Present, Future)	Coordinating Conjunctions	• Synonyms	 Conjunctions, Adverbs and
	• Full Stops	Commas for Sentences of Three –	• Connectives	Subordinating Conjunctions	• Pronouns	Prepositions to Express Time and
Grammar &	Capital LettersQuestion Marks	Description, ListsSingular and Plural	GeneralisersAlliteration	Clauses Subordinate Clauses	Imperative VerbsRelative Clauses	Cause • Subordination (as, although,
Punctuation	Exclamation Marks	Singutar and Furat Suffixes	Similes	Adverbs	Inverted Commas	while) & Coordination
	Inverted Commas	Word Class: Adjective / Noun /	Word Families	Prepositions	• a / ab	Sentences Starters AC (adverbs /
	Bullet Points	Noun Phrase / Verb / Adverb	Conjunctions	Direct Speech	Perfect Verb Form	connectives)
		Imperative Verbs		Inverted Commas		Relative Clauses (who, which)
				• Prefixes		
English	1: Suffixes From Year 2: '-s', '-es',	1: Prefixes 'mis-' and 're-'	1: From Year 2: Suffixes '-ness' and	1: Prefixes 'super-' and 'auto-'	1: Previously Taught Suffixes ('-ed',	1: Recap
	'-er', '-ed', '-ing'	2: /ɪ/ Sound Spelt 'y'	'-ful' Following a Consonant	2: Words From Statutory and	'-ing', '-s', '-es', '-ness', '-ful', '-less'	2: /ʌ/ Sound Spelt 'ou'
Spelling	2: Prefix 'dis-'	3: Words Ending With the /g/	2: Prefixes 'sub-' and 'tele-'	Personal Spelling Lists	and '-ly')	3: Homophones (Including
	3: Prefix 'un-' 4: Rarer GPCs: Words With the	Sound Spelt '-gue' and the /k/ Sound Spelt '-que' (French in Origin)	3: Words With the /ʃ/ Sound Spelt 'ch' (Mostly French in Origin) as well	3: Strategies at the Point of Writing4: Homophones	2: Suffix '-ly' with Root Words Ending in 'le' and 'ic'	heel/heal/he'll, plain/ plane, groan/grown and rain/rein/reign)
	/eɪ/ Sound Spelt 'ei' (vein), 'eigh'	4: Strategies for Learning Words:	as 's', 'ss(ion/ure)'	5: Words With the /k/ Sound Spelt	3: Rare GPCs (/I/ sound)	4: Proofreading
	(eight), 'aigh' (straight) or 'ey'	Words From Statutory and Personal	4: Suffixes '-ness' and '-ful'	'ch' (Greek in Origin)	4: From Year 2: Apostrophe for	5: Strategies for Learning Words:
	(they):	Spelling Lists	5: Suffixes '-less' and '-ly'	6: Proofreading	Contraction	Words From Statutory
	5: Dictation				5: Words from Statutory and	and Personal Spelling Lists
	6: Homophones (brake/break, grate/great, eight/ate,				Personal Spelling Lists	
	weight/wait, son/sun)					
English	1: Forming Descenders Accurately	6: Joining to the Letter 'y'	11: Forming Capital Letters	16: Joining to the Letter 'k'	21: Punctuation	25: Forming Numerals Correctly
Linguisti	2: Forming Ascenders Accurately	7: Forming the Letter 's'	12: Writing the Letter 't' at the	17: The Second Join	22: Diagonal Joins to the Letter 'y'	26: Writing Silent Letters
Handwriting	3: Diagonal Join to a Small Letter	8: Joining from the Letter 'i'	Correct Height	18: Joining from the Letter 'e'	23: Joining to / from the Letter 'r'	27: Joining from the Letter 'f'
	4: Diagonal Join to a Tall Letter	9: Spacing Between Letters	13: Spacing Letters Consistently	19: The Horizontal Join	24: Joining from the Letter 'w'	28: Writing Decorated Capital
	5: Joining to and from the Letter 'l'	10: Writing with a Slant	14: Forming Double Letters	20: Joining from the Letter 'a'		Letters
			Correctly 15: Joining to the Letter 'e'			
English	Hotel Flamingo	The Iron Man	The Firework Maker's	Bill's New Frock	The Abominables	Ariki and The Giant
Linguisti	Alex Milway	Ted Hughes Ted Hughes	Daughter	Anne Fine	Eva Ibbotson	Shark
Whole Class		the Iron	Philip Pullman PHILIP	Bill's New	The Traffic The	Nicola Davies
Reading	FLAMINGO	man	The Firework Market S Daughters Nor your Advance	Frock		HICOLA LIVIUS
	Geo -		Collision of the Area View		Eva Ibbotson	ingerited by Kenik Kenik

English Text Study	• See Inside Your Body	 Stone Age Boy (Satoshi Kitamura) 	• Earthshattering Events (Sophie Williams)	• Poetry (Shel Silverstein)	 Let's Celebrate (Debjani Chatterjee & Brian D'Arcy) 	 The Great Kapok Tree (Lynne Cherry) Planet Full of Plastic (Neil Layton)
English Let's Think in English	 Who what where - Oliver Tallac Frames of Reference Here's another page from the book, have a go at writing the questions (allow the children to work backwards) La Luna - Pixar Classification Can you see a link between the boy in La Luna and the hero in Toro Toro?) Consider how your feelings change for another character throughout a story 	The Puppy Present - Jacob Frey Frames of Reference (Link with iron man) When did your view of the boy change? Why? When did your view of Iron man change? Why? Kite - Animated short Symbolic Reasoning Compare human qualities to inanimate objects When do we change our perspective for Iron man? When do we have the most sympathy for him?	Mysteries - The Mystery of Harris Burdick (comedy, reflection, linking) <i>Classification</i> What kind of story is the firemakers daughter? Journey - Aaron Becker <i>Symbolic Reasoning</i> Quest - Aaron Becker <i>Classification</i> What type of book are you reading / comparing with The Firemakers Daughter. Is this a traditional or modern story?	Little blue, little yellow - Leo Lionni Symbolic Representation How has everybody changed by the end? Who is changed by the end of Bill's new frock. Splash - Basho Matsuo (AFL lesson after teaching poetry) Classification Take the Haiku and turn it into a story	The Sea Saw - Tom Percival Narrative Sequencing Does the great kapok tree have a twist? Is it believable? Rain before rainbows - Smriti Prasadam-Halls Symbolic reasoning What does the rainbow mean? How believable are the happy endings in both stories?	Here we are - Oliver Jeffers Classification The Red Tree - Shaun Tan Narrative Sequencing How can you use metaphors to describe feelings from other texts?
Science	 Biology: Animals, Including Humans Nutrition - Muscles - Skeleton Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat. Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. nutrition, diet, food, protein, salts, carbohydrate, minerals, vitamins, fats, sugars, balanced diet, skeleton, skull, spine, vertebrate, pairs, invertebrate. calcium, muscle, contract, relax, movement 	 Physics: Light Sight - Reflection - Shadows Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light. Notice that light is reflected from surfaces. Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes. Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object. Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change. light, dark, absence, reflection, surface, natural, man-made, light, source, shadow, blocked, bright, dim, mirror, absorb, plane mirror, concave mirror, convex mirror, image 	 Chemistry: Rocks Rocks - Properties - Fossils - Soils Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties. Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock. Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter. waterproof, strong, hard, opaque, heavy, sedimentary, igneous, soil, metamorphic, porous, fossil, layers, erosion, inner core, outer core, mantle, crust, earthquake, volcano pebble, boulder, crystal, weathering	 Physics: Forces and Magnets Forces - Magnetic / Non-Magnetic - Poles Compare how things move on different surfaces. Notice that some forces need contact between 2 objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance. Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials. Describe magnets as having 2 poles. Predict whether 2 magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing. 		 Biology: Plants Functions of Plant Parts - Plant Survival Needs - Plant Life Cycles Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants. Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal. plant, roots, stem, trunk, food, bud, leaf/leaves, flower, stalk, veins, tip, surface, edge, root hair, nutrients, anchor, support, seed, germination, seedling, growth, mature plant, flowering, pollination, seed formation, petal, pollen, nectar, seed, fruit

Computing	Online Safety and Wellbeing: <u>3</u>	Computing Systems and Networks: Connecting Computers	Creating Media: Stop-Frame Animation	Programming: Sequencing Sounds	Data and Information: Branching Databases	Creating Media: Desktop Publishing
	How can we stay safe and well when using digital technology?	What is a network?	How can media be combined for a purpose?	How can I give a sequence of commands to multiple objects?	How can data be presented?	How can media be combined for a purpose?
	Be Internet Sharp personal boundaries Be Internet Alert fraud, phishing, scam, authentic, genuine Be Internet Secure privacy, security, hacker Be Internet Kind bystander, upstander, harassment, amplify, block Be Internet Brave age rating Be Internet Healthy screen time	Mapping a network Image: Constant We constant Image: Constant We constant Image: Constant Identifying that digital devices have inputs, processes, and outputs, and how devices can be connected to make networks. Image: Constant input, process, output, digital devices, computer networks, server, switch, access point, hardware, software, WiFi Image: Constant	Capturing and editing digital still images to produce a stop-frame animation that tells a story. image	Creating sequences in a block-based programming language to make music.	Image: Constraint of the second se	Creating documents by modifying text, images, and page layouts for a specified purpose.
Art & Design / Design & Technology	Food: Healthy and Varied Diet Design, make and evaluate a type of sandwich (product) for themselves (user) for eating on a picnic (purpose).	Sculpture: Human Emotion in Sculpture	Structures: Shell Structures Design, make and evaluate a cardboard packaging box (product) for a shop (user) for containing and selling a product (purpose).	Painting: Tomb Paintings	Textiles: 2D Shape to 3D Product Design, make and evaluate a pencil case (product) for themselves (user) for carrying things (purpose).	Drawing: Portraits
	I: What products already exist? <i>Evaluate</i> 2: What is our design criteria? How can our product be purposeful, functional and appealing? How can we use cross-sectional drawings to show our design? <i>Design</i> 3: What materials and tools will I use to make the product and why? What technical skills will I use to make the product? <i>Design Make</i> <i>Evaluate</i> 4: How effectively does my product meet its purpose? <i>Evaluate</i>	Image: Second	1: What products already exist? How did Robert Gair and Kelloggs develop cardboard packaging? <i>Evaluate</i> 2: What is our design criteria? How can our product be purposeful, functional and appealing? How can we use annotated sketches and computer-aided design to show our design? <i>Design</i> 3: What materials and tools will I use to make the product and why? What technical skills will I use to make the product? <i>Design Make</i> <i>Evaluate</i> 4: How effectively does my product meet its purpose? <i>Evaluate</i>	Colour Pattern Shape Space 1: Inspiration: Ancient Egyptian Tomb Paintings (Depiction of an Idealised World / Religious Viewpoint) 2: Techniques: Creating Shape and Space When Drawing 3: Techniques: Creating Patterns When Drawing 4: Techniques: Colour: Hues, Tones, Tints and Shades; The Colour Wheel 5: Techniques: Colour Matching 6: Creation: Own Piece	1: What products already exist? How did the development of velcro/hook-and-loop fasteners transform products? <i>Evaluate</i> 2: What is our design criteria? How can our product be purposeful, functional and appealing? How can we use prototypes to show our design? <i>Design</i> 3: What materials and tools will I use to make the product and why? What technical skills will I use to make the product? <i>Design Make</i> <i>Evaluate</i> 4: How effectively does my product meet its purpose? <i>Evaluate</i>	Colour Pattern Texture Line Shape Form Space 1: Inspiration: Human Form, Jemma Phipps 2: Techniques: Colour and Line: Different Pencil Grades and Charcoal 3: Techniques: Creating Texture Using Pencil 4: Techniques: Shape and Space - Proportions Drawing the Human Figure 5: Creation: Own Piece

Music	Let Your Spirit Fly	Glockenspiel Stage 1	Three Little Birds	The Dragon Song	Bringing Us Together	Reflect, Rewind & Replay
	Unit Theme: RnB and Other Styles Style of Main Song: RnB	Unit Theme: Exploring and Developing Playing Skills Style of Main Song: N/A	Unit Theme: Reggae and Animals Style of Main Song: Reggae	Unit Theme: Music From Around the World, Celebrating Our Difference and Being Kind to One Another Style of Main Song: A Pop Song That Tells a Story	Unit Theme: Disco, Friendship, Hope and Unity Style of Main Song: Disco	Unit Theme: The History and Language of Music Style of Main Song: Classical
R.E.	Light How is the symbol of light important? Christian traditions Jewish traditions Hindu traditions 1: Communicate and Apply: What meaning does light have to people? 2: Inquire and Contextualise: What does light mean for Christians? 3: Inquire and Contextualise: What does light mean for Jews? 4: Inquire and Contextualise: What does light mean for Hindus? 5: Evaluate: How is the symbol of light important? 6: Inquire and Contextualise: What is the importance of the light and the trinity for Christians? A: light B: symbol C: Hanukkah (J), Diwali (H), Christmas (C)	Water How is the symbol of water important? Christian traditions Sikhi faith traditions 1: Communicate and Apply: What meaning does water have to people? 2: Inquire: How is water a symbol to Christians and what do they believe about the trinity? 3: Contextualise: How do Christians use water as a symbol and how do they respond to their beliefs about the trinity? 4: Inquire and Contextualise: How is water an important symbol for followers of Sikhi traditions? gurdwara visit/visitor 5: Evaluate: How is the symbol of water important? A: B: god, symbol C: Trinity (C), baptism (C), amrit (S) UC: Incarnation (3): What is the Trinity?	Good and Evil How can we celebrate the victory of good over evil? Hindu traditions 1: Communicate and Apply: What is good and what is evil? 2: Inquire: How is good and evil represented in Hindu traditions? 3: Contextualise: How do Hindus remember good and evil? 4: Evaluate: Does good come from evil? A: good and evil B: C: avatar (H), Brahma (H), Brahman (H), trimurti (H), Vishnu (H), Shiva (H), Holi (H)	Emotions of Love Is love always happy? Christian traditions 1: Communicate and Apply: Is love always happy? 2: Inquire and Contextualise: What does love mean and feel like to Christians? 3: Inquire and Contextualise: What does love mean and feel like to Christians? 4: Inquire and Contextualise: What does love mean and feel like to Christians? 5: Evaluate: Does love always look the same? Is love always easy? A: love, emotions B: C: resurrection (C) UC: Salvation (3): Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?	Stewardship (1) Why should people look after the world? Christian traditions 1: Communicate and Apply: How does the world around me affect how I feel? 2: Inquire: Why do Christians believe we should be 'stewards' for the world? 3: Contextualise: How do Christians believe we should be 'stewards' for the world? 4: Evaluate: What is important in making the world 'very good'? 5: Inquire: Why do Christians believe we need God's help to look after the world? A: creation B: stewardship C: UC Creation (3): What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Special People What people are special for people? Christian traditions Jewish traditions Sikhi faith traditions Hindu traditions Buddhist traditions Buddhist traditions Muslim traditions 1: Inquire: What is 'special' to followers of religious traditions? 2: Communicate and Apply: What people are special to me and to others? 3: Inquire and Contextualise: What people are special to followers of religious traditions? 4: Communicate and Apply: How are people special to people? 5: Evaluate: Can a person represent what is special? A: special B: holy, prophet C: God (C/J/S), Jesus (C), Trinity (C), Abraham (J), Moses (J), Guru Nanak (S), Brahman (H), Trimurti (H), Buddha (B), Allah (M), Muhammad (M)
P.E.	Netball The unit of work will explore how to apply the principles of attack vs defence, with a particular focus on passing and moving. Pupils will learn how to keep possession and eventually score in order to win a modified game.	Handball The unit of work will explore how to apply the principles of attack vs defence, with a particular focus on passing and moving. Pupils will learn how to keep possession and eventually score in order to win a modified game.	Basketball The unit of work will explore how to apply the principles of attack vs defence, with a particular focus on passing and moving, dribbling, and shooting. Pupils will learn how to keep possession and eventually score in order to win a modified game.	Tag RugbyThe unit of work will explore how to apply the principles of attack vs defence, with a particular focus on passing and moving to score a try.Pupils will develop their understanding of when, where, and why they need to create space when they are attacking.	Dance: Wild Animals The unit of work will challenge pupils to respond to different stimuli being able to sustain characters to add drama and emotion to the dance. Pupils will bring together the choreography to create a final performance in groups.	Athletics The unit of work will explore how we can use our bodies to run as fast as possible, exploring the correct technique individually and within teams. Pupils will also begin to examine how to jump as far as possible and compare throwing accurately with throwing for distance.

	Gymnastics: Symmetry & Asymmetry The unit of work will focus on exploring movements and balances in symmetrical and asymmetrical ways. Pupils will create sequences starting with their symmetrical balance on apparatus, moving out of it and travelling to a new piece of apparatus and ending in their asymmetrical balances applying flow.	Dance: Weather The unit of work will challenge pupils to respond to different stimuli, being able to add drama and emotion to the dance. Pupils will create a performance which will include stage presence, timing, rhythm and sustaining character.	Swimming Pupils will be taught to: swim competently, confidently, and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres and use a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke, and breaststroke]	Swimming Pupils will be taught to: perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations They will continue to develop on their techniques and will learn to recognise hazards and dangers in their environment.	Problem Solving The unit of work will explore what makes an effective team through different problem-solving challenges. Throughout the unit, there will be a focus on pupils developing skills essential to working within a team.	Rounders The unit of work will explore the concept of batting and fielding (attack and defence). Pupils will develop an understanding of the purpose of each team. Pupils will learn how to apply a variety of fielding skills such as throwing and stopping the ball to keep the batter's score low.
French	Greetings Bonjour / salut / au revoir. Comment ça va? Ça va bien / ça va mal, ça va, comme-ci comme-ca. Introducing Yourself Comment tu t'appelles? / Je m'appelle Phonics: Vowels Vowel sounds in French (a e i o u é).	Family Members Mon père/mon frère /ma mère/ ma sœur. Introduction of masculine / feminine for people and objects. Christmas Noel + recap on family members.	Numbers 0-12 Un, deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf, dix, onze, douze. Phonics: Consonants Consonant sounds in French (ch k s t j g z). Age Learn how to say your age and ask others. Quel âge as-tu?/ J'ai	Days of the Week Lundi, mardi, mercredi, jeudi, vendredi, samedi, dimanche. Numbers 13-20 Treize, quatorze, quinze, seize, dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf, vingt. Colours Bleu / blanc / rouge / marron / noir / violet / orange / jaune / rose / vert / gris. Class Instructions Regardez / écoutez / écrivez / répétez / prenez vos stylos / silence / asseyez-vous / levez-vous / levez la main.	French Pancake Day 'La Chandeleur.' Numbers 20-31 Months of the Year Les 12 mois de l'année. French Mother's Day 'La fete des meres.'	Easter 'Paques.' Pets Les animaux domestiques. L'oiseau/ le lapin/ le poisson/le chien/le hamster/le serpent / Le cochon-d'inde/la tortue/la souris/le chat. Body Parts Mon corps. La tête / les épaules / les genoux / les pieds / les yeux / les oreilles / la bouche / le nez.
P.S.H.E.	Jigsaw: Being Me in My World • Setting Personal Goals • Self-Identity and Worth • Positivity in Challenges • Rules, Rights and Responsibilities • Rewards and Consequences • Responsible Choices • Seeing Things from Others' Perspectives > I can explain how my behaviour can affect how others feel and behave. > I can explain why it is important to have rules and how that helps me and others in my class learn. I can explain why it is important to feel valued.	 Jigsaw: Celebrating Difference Families and Their Differences Family Conflict and How to Manage It Witnessing Bullying and How to Solve It Recognising How Words Can be Hurtful Giving and Receiving Compliments I can describe different conflicts that might happen in family or friendship groups and how words can be used in hurtful or kind ways when conflicts happen. I can tell you how being involved with a conflict makes me feel and can offer strategies to help the situation. e.g. Solve It Together or asking for help. 	 Jigsaw: Dreams and Goals Difficult Challenges and Achieving Success Dreams and Ambitions New Challenges Motivation and Enthusiasm Recognising and Trying to Overcome Obstacles Evaluating Learning Processes Managing Feelings Simple Budgeting > I can explain the different ways that help me learn and what I need to do to improve. > I am confident and positive when I share my success with others. I can explain how these feelings can be stored in my internal treasure chest and why this is important. 	Jigsaw: Healthy Me ● Exercise ● Fitness Challenges ● Food Labelling and Healthy Swaps ● Attitudes Towards Drugs ● Keeping Safe and Why It's Important Online and Offline ● Respect for Myself and Others ● Healthy and Safe Choices > I can identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from, and can tell you some strategies for keeping myself safe and healthy including who to go to for help. > I can express how being anxious/ scared and unwell feels.	 Jigsaw: Relationships Family Roles and Responsibilities Friendship and Negotiation Keeping Safe Online and Who To Go To For Help Being a Global Citizen Being Aware of How My Choices Affect Others Awareness of How Other Children Have Different Lives Expressing Appreciation for Family and Friends I can explain how my life is influenced positively by people I know and also by people from other countries. I can explain why my choices might affect my family, friendships and people around the world who I don't know. 	 Jigsaw: Changing Me How Babies Grow Understanding a Baby's Needs Family Stereotypes Challenging My Ideas Preparing For Transition > I can explain how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside/outside during the growing up process and can tell you why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up. > I recognise how I feel about these changes to cope with these feelings.